FIELD MANUAL 101
FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS
FORCES, FORMATIONS, UNITS, AND TEAMS
What’s a T-72 Team? Is it a single vehicle or a group of vehicles?

There are four levels in Team Yankee:

• Force - everything you have in the game (a Force card is where you find Support Units).
• Formation - a NATO company or Warsaw Pact battalion, the core of your Force (a Formation card tells you which Units you can have in the Formation).
• Unit - a NATO platoon or Warsaw Pact company, the smallest grouping of stuff (a Unit card tells you what Teams are in the Unit and what their characteristics are).
• Team - a single playing piece, either a single vehicle or a fire team of infantry.

What is an Artillery Unit?

It is a Unit with a weapon capable of firing a Bombardment, i.e. one with a ROF of Artillery or Salvo.

In Formations in the Teams and Units section, it mentions that a Formation contains up to four combat Units along with several Units of supporting weaponry. What are combat Units?

This text is a description of the historical organisation of formations and has no meaning within the game. Historically, a formation would have its own combat units and several units from battalion and brigade attached to round it out.

COMMAND
If a team ended its Movement so that it was In Command at the end of the Movement Step, does it remain In Command until its next Movement Step?

Yes. In Command is defined by its position at the end of the Movement Step.

The Joining Units rule allows the Formation Commander to join a nearby Unit that is close enough and in Line of Sight. Do friendly teams block Line of Sight for command?

No. Ignore friendly teams when determining Line of Sight for Command purposes.

MOVEMENT
When my Tanks are in line abreast, the rules say they must be in Line Of Sight to be In Command. For Shooting, friendly teams block Line Of Sight. So how do I stay In Command while in line abreast since there will usually be friendly tanks between the end tanks and the Unit Leader?

Friendly Teams only block Line of Sight for Shooting. They do not block Line of Sight for Command purposes.

If my Unit fails a Blitz Move movement order, does it have to Move, or can it remain where it is and Go to Ground?

It doesn’t have to Move. However, if it Shoots, it must shoot with the +1 penalty for Moving while Out of Command.

When a team moves using a Blitz Move movement order, do they follow all the normal Movement rules? Are they actually moving?

Yes. A team using a Blitz Move movement order doesn’t suddenly teleport to the new location. It moves 4”/10cm as normal, following all the rules for moving. Then, once it has finished its movement, it no longer counts as having moved.

This means that it must take any Cross tests necessary, roll to cross Minefields as usual, and leaves any Foxholes it has dug behind.

If I move through several pieces of Difficult Going, do I have to take a Cross check for each of them?

Yes.

If I moved into a wood last turn (and took my Cross check then), do I need to take another Cross check this turn to move out of it?

Yes. If you start your Movement in Difficult Terrain, you need to take a Cross check at that time.

If a Unit Leader issues a Cross Here order, can they use it to cross multiple pieces of Difficult Going?

Yes they can. Any team from the Unit crossing any of the Difficult Going within 6”/15cm of where the Unit Leader crossed will benefit.

Does a Dig In or Mine Clearing movement order prevent teams that are not digging foxholes or clearing mines from moving?

No. Teams that are not using the Movement Order can act as they wish.

Can a team move through a friendly team?

No. The Moving Through Gaps rule applies. If the gap isn’t big enough, then you can’t move through it.

Remember, Infantry ignore their base when using this rule, so can move through pretty small gaps, and Tanks Teams can easily move through them.
**TRANSPORT**

Can I use the Blitz Move order to Dismount my Infantry from a Transport vehicle, then Shoot them as if they hadn’t Moved?

Yes you can. If they use the Blitz Move order to Dismount, then Move no further, they don’t count as having Moved.

Can a Passenger dismount using a Shoot and Scoot movement order from a Transport vehicle that did not move in the previous Movement Step?

No. You can only Mount and Dismount in the Movement Step.

Can I use a Movement Order to Dismount my infantry from a Transport after it has moved?

No. Teams cannot Dismount after their Transport has moved.

Can a Transport take or dispute an Objective?

No they can not.

Can Passengers in a Transport take or dispute an Objective?

Yes they can, as long as the Transport is on the ground. Passengers in an Aircraft cannot take or dispute an Objective.

**HELICOPTER MOVEMENT**

The Mi-24 Hind is a rather big model and can be hard to keep in Command. Mi-24 Hind Helicopters are In Command if they end the Movement Step within 8”20cm of the Unit Leader (rather than the usual 6”15cm). This 8”20cm distance also applies for the Mistaken Target rule, the Unit Morale rule, and anywhere else the rules require two teams to be within 6”15cm of each other.

Can I move under a Helicopter?

Yes you can. Although the mounting post will limit where you can end your movement.

Can I place my Flying Aircraft within 2”15cm of an enemy Infantry team?

Yes you can. Ground troops do not restrict the placement of flying aircraft. The only restriction on placing them is finding a suitable place to put the base of the flight stand.

What happens if an enemy Tank moves within 4”10cm of my Landed Transport Helicopter?

It will take off, the same as if an enemy Infantry team moves within 4”10cm of it.

Can any Helicopter Land, or just Transport Helicopters? When can Helicopters Land?

Only Transport Helicopters can Land, and only when they are Mounting or Dismounting Passengers.

Where can I Land a Transport Helicopter?

Pretty much anywhere that the model can reasonably be placed. Troops can rappel down into a woods if there is no clearing. They can jump out of a hovering helicopter onto a flat building roof, etc.

Remember you can’t land within 4”10cm of enemy troops, as you’d have to immediately take off again. So, you’ll need to make sure you have space around the helicopters to dismount the passengers.

Can I use the Blitz Move order to land my Helicopters?

No, you cannot do this.

Can I have my Helicopter Loiter off table as a Shoot and Scoot or something similar after the Movement Step?

No. The only way to Loiter is to use the Helicopter’s movement in the Movement Step to do so.

If my Helicopter Loitered last turn, where does it move onto the table from?

It moves on to the table from the table edge in your deployment area.

**SHOOTING**

Do all weapons in Team Yankee have an all-round field of fire?

At the moment, yes.

What do I do if there isn’t enough space to rotate a team to face the target?

If the team can rotate by moving slightly away from the obstacle, then do so. Otherwise, it just rotates as far as it can and shoots anyway.

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**CONCEALMENT**

Infantry teams that are stationary in Flat Terrain are Concealed. Teams in Short Terrain are Concealed unless the team looking at them is on a Hill or other high ground. Is an Infantry team that is stationary in Short Terrain Concealed to a team looking at it from a Hill?

Yes. While the Hill cancels the benefit of the Short Terrain (essentially making it the same as Flat Terrain), it doesn’t make stationary Infantry teams any more visible. They are still Concealed.

**LINE OF SIGHT**

Do the general Line of Sight and Concealment rules for Tall terrain apply to Hills?

No. The specific Line of Sight and Concealment rules for Hills cover the special case of Hills.

If I have a team on a high hill trying to shoot at a team on the far side of a low building, can it do so?

The only way to answer that is to get down to the level of the model and see if there is a Line of Sight over the building to the opposing team.

A shooting team has line of sight to a window into a building containing several infantry teams. Which ones can I shoot at?

You can’t shoot through walls, so you’ll need to see the target team through a door or a window to be able to hit it.

The Terrain Table has a bit of an oddity where it says that doors and windows are Short Terrain while the walls they are in are Tall Terrain. It makes more sense to view the doors and windows as Tall Terrain too.

That means that you’ll be able to see any teams in the building that you have line of sight to through a door or a window, and that are within 2”15cm of the door or window.
The converse applies for teams looking out of the building at your troops too.

If I fire Smoke at a team in the upper storey of a building, where do I place the Smoke Marker? On the ground in front of the building.

Can a team in the upper storey of a building see over the Smoke Marker? No. Smoke is Tall Terrain and cannot be seen over.

MIXED TARGETS
My tanks are shooting at a unit of three enemy tanks, one standing in the open, one concealed at the edge of a wood, and one out of sight behind the woods. What score do I need to hit them if they are within 16”/40cm and have a Hit On number of 3+?

If your tank targets the tank in the open, they’ll need 3+ to hit. They could target the tank in the woods (needing 4+ as it is Concealed), but would normally gain little from doing so.

I’ve just scored three hits rolling 3, 3, and 5. How are my hits allocated? Which hits can I allocate to the tank in the woods? Can I allocate hits to the tank behind the woods?

The score you rolled to get the hit has no impact on how the hits are allocated. Think of it this way. The hardest part of hitting a target on the modern battlefield is finding it without being hit first. A lone tank sitting in the open is a dead giveaway. Where there’s one, there’ll be more. Now that you know where the enemy are, it’s a lot easier to find the rest of the unit that’s trying to hide.

So, in game terms, having figured out where the enemy is, you’ve scored three hits. The first hit has to go to the target tank, and all hits have to be allocated to valid targets, so the tank behind the woods can’t be hit. That leaves two more hits to be allocated. They have to be allocated evenly, so one has to go to the tank in the woods, leaving you the choice of which of the two will take the second hit.

Does a Passenger in a vehicle destroyed by a Brutal weapon like the 125mm main gun of T-72 re-roll its save? Yes. Passengers of a Destroyed vehicle need to make an Infantry Save, and Brutal forces them to re-roll any Infantry Saves.

MISTAKEN TARGET
You have to assign one of the hits from a shooting team to the team that it was targeting. Does this restriction also apply to the opponent when they use the Mistaken Target rule?

No. It is possible to use the Mistaken Target rule to swap hits between the target team and a team that had no hits assigned, resulting in the targeted team not having any hits on it.

BULLETPROOF COVER
Does an Infantry team need to be immediately behind a stone wall or similar bulletproof terrain to be in Bulletproof Cover?

No. So long as it is Concealed by the bulletproof terrain, it is in Bulletproof Cover and the opponent needs to make a Firepower test to Destroy it.

FIREFIRING MISSILES
Can a Pinned Down Infantry team with a moving ROF of ‘-‘, such as a US M47 Dragon or Soviet SA-14 Gremlin team shoot at all while Pinned Down?

No they can’t.

Can a Infantry missile team with a Moving ROF of ‘-‘, such as a US M47 Dragon or Soviet SA-14 Gremlin team shoot after a Blitz Movement Order?

Yes they can, as long as they don’t Move in their normal movement.

Can the above Infantry missile team shoot if they fail to make an attempted Blitz Movement order?

Yes they can, but suffer normal +1 to hit penalty.

KILLING COMMANDERS
If my Formation Command team is Destroyed, but succeeds in switching to a Team from another Unit, does the Formation HQ Unit still exist?

Since the Formation HQ Unit is defined as the Formation Command team (and possibly other teams as well), and the Formation Commander still exists, the HQ Unit still exists.

If my Formation Commander was Destroyed, but switched to a Team from another Unit, does that Unit count the Team taken by the Formation Commander as being Destroyed?

No. That Team is simply in no longer part of the Unit. The Unit continues on with one less Team.

What if the Unit no longer has any Teams left because the Formation Commander switched to the last Team in the Unit? Is the Unit Destroyed?

A Unit that has no Teams left is not a Unit, so yes, it is Destroyed.

SHOOTING SMOKE
On page 50, the diagram shows a 2S1 Carnation firing smoke at an M1 Abrams. However, the M1 Abrams has Thermal Imaging, and that neutralises the effect of direct fired smoke.

Correct. The diagram really should have shown something like an M109 howitzer rather than an M1 Abrams.

ANTI-AIRCRAFT SHOOTING
If a Tank Team shooting at aircraft is at the very edge of a wood, does it see the aircraft unconcealed, as it would an enemy tank?

Yes, terrain works the same for aircraft as for any other team, with the exception that all Short Terrain and any Tall Terrain more than 4’10cm from the ground Team is ignored.

If my Anti-aircraft team is in the middle of a wood, can it still shoot at aircraft?

Yes, although the Aircraft will be Concealed. Nothing ever blocks Line of Sight to Flying Aircraft. Presumably the Anti-aircraft Unit is set up in a small clearing.

Does Smoke ever block Line-of-Sight to and from Flying Aircraft?

No, however it does provide Concealment. Smoke is in effect treated as Tall Terrain for the purpose of Line-of-Sight to Flying Aircraft, meaning if within 4’10cm of anti-aircraft team or target, but is still just Smoke for Concealment.

If a tank team shooting at a unit of three enemy tanks, one standing in the open, one concealed at the edge of a wood, and one out of sight behind the woods.
The 30mm gun on my BMP-2 is an Anti-helicopter weapon. When it shoots at a Helicopter, does it use its full ROF?

No. It is not a Dedicated AA weapon, so has ROF 1.

My M1 Abrams has two Anti-aircraft machine-guns. They aren't Dedicated AA weapons, so only fire with ROF 1 against Aircraft. Does that give my tank two shots?

Yes. It gets one shot for each machine-gun, although one suffers an additional +1 penalty To Hit since it has a base ROF of 1.

Can my tank still use its 105mm gun in its next turn?

Yes. It cannot use its machine-guns, but can use other weapons, in this case the M68 105mm gun.

Does my M1 Abrams have to point its turret at a helicopter to shoot its AA MGs at it?

No. The AA MGs can engage targets in different directions from the main 105mm gun. Since they cannot easily be repositioned on the model and would have no effect if you could, you do not need to point them at the target.

**AA IN THE ENEMY TURN**

What ROF do Anti-aircraft weapons use when shooting at Aircraft in the enemy turn?

They use their full ROF. If shooting in their own turn, this is whatever ROF they would normally have. Moving ROF or Halted ROF depending on whether they moved or not if Dedicated AA or Guided AA, otherwise 1 die.

In the enemy turn, the fire with their best ROF. That is normally their Halted ROF, but if they have no Halted ROF, that will be their Moving ROF, but once again, with ROF 1 if they are not Dedicated AA or Guided AA.

Anti-aircraft weapons shooting in the enemy turn shoot immediately before the Aircraft shoots. Can you be more specific?

As it says, the AA weapon shoots immediately before the Aircraft, so whenever the player declares that they are going to shoot with their Aircraft, the AA player can jump in and try to shoot them down first. You can wait to shoot your Aircraft until after your tanks have knocked out the enemy AA weapons if you want to, which would limit the amount of AA fire they would take.

If an enemy Helicopter doesn't shoot in its turn, can I shoot at it in the enemy turn?

No. You must wait until your own turn to shoot at it.

If my Anti-aircraft weapon shot in my previous turn, can it shoot at an Aircraft in the enemy turn?

Yes it can. You don't need to predict when enemy Aircraft will appear. However, once it shoots at an Aircraft in the enemy turn, it cannot shoot in its own next turn.

If my Anti-aircraft weapon shoots at an Aircraft in the enemy turn, can it shoot at another Aircraft Unit later in the same turn?

No. Once it has shot, that weapon can't shoot again for the rest of the enemy turn and your next turn.

If I shoot part of my Unit at one enemy Aircraft Unit immediately before it shoots, can I shoot the rest of the Unit at another enemy Aircraft immediately before it shoots later in the enemy turn?

Yes. Each time you react to an enemy Aircraft Unit that is about to shoot by shooting at it. In effect, this triggers a mini Shooting Step for your AA Unit. You go through the normal shooting sequence, including declaring targets for those teams that will shoot. When the next enemy Aircraft Unit is about to shoot, you declare targets for any AA weapons that have not yet shot this turn, and so on as each enemy Aircraft Unit prepares to shoot.

If my Anti-aircraft weapon shoots at an Aircraft in the enemy turn, the rules say the Weapon cannot shoot in Defensive Fire or Assault in its next Assault step. How does that affect a Team?

If the weapon cannot shoot, the Team can fire its other weapons in Defensive Fire. For example, a Marder shoots its 20mm Rh 202 gun at some helicopters, then is assaulted by some enemy infantry. It can shoot its 7.62mm MG in Defensive Fire, but not its 20mm gun.

However, because one of its weapons shot at an Aircraft in the enemy turn, the Marder cannot Assault in its next Assault Step.

My Anti-aircraft team fires during the enemy turn at some aircraft, then doesn't do anything in their own next turn, are they Gone to Ground in the next enemy turn?

No, it effectively grabbed its shooting from its own next turn.

The basic concept is it can't be Gone to Ground if it shot in or since its last turn.

If it is Night and my Anti-aircraft weapon shoots at an Aircraft in the enemy turn, does the enemy need to roll on the Night Vision Table to see it?

No. It will be visible at night until the beginning of the next enemy turn.

Can a Helicopter Shoot at an enemy Helicopter in the enemy turn?

No. Aircraft can only shoot at other Aircraft in their own turn.

**AA MISSILES**

My SA-14 Gremlin AA missile teams are not Dedicated AA. Can they fire at full ROF at Aircraft?

Yes they can. Guided AA always fires at full ROF at Aircraft.

The SA-14 Gremlin AA missile teams are Heavy Weapons. Does this mean that they can't fire at Helicopters?

No it doesn't. Shooting at Aircraft on page 39 lists who can shoot at aircraft, it is not a list of criteria that must all be met (otherwise nobody could do so!). Since your SA-14 Gremlins are Anti-aircraft weapons, they can shoot at helicopters.

Your companies' PKM LMG teams, for instance, are Infantry Heavy Weapons. As they aren't Anti-aircraft, Anti-helicopter, or Guided weapons, none of those clauses allow them to shoot at helicopters. They are Infantry teams, so could do so under that clause, except that they are Heavy Weapons, so are excluded there as well, so your PKM LMG teams cannot shoot at helicopters.
Infantry teams need to re-roll successful Firepower rolls against Aircraft. Does this apply to an SA-14 Gremlin AA missile team or an M47 Dragon missile team?

They are firing Guided or Guided AA weapons rather than using normal Infantry weapons. Guided weapons do not need to re-roll their Firepower Test, only Infantry weapons that do not fit into any other category need to do that.

Does my AH-1 Cobra helicopter firing an ITO guided missile at another helicopter suffer the +1 to hit for being an ROF 1 weapon?

Yes it does. Despite being mounted on an Aircraft a Guided weapon will always have the +1 to hit for ROF 1.

HUNTER-KILLER AIRCRAFT

My AH-1 Cobra has the Hunter Killer special rule. It is about to shoot from behind a wood, so is Concealed. The enemy are going to shoot their Anti-aircraft weapons at it before it shoots. Is it still Gone to Ground when they shoot?

Yes. It has not yet shot, so is still Gone to Ground. The enemy could wait until their own turn to shoot at it. If they did so, it would no longer be Gone to Ground.

If my AH-1 Cobra helicopter shot last turn, but has not moved this turn, does the Hunter Killer rule mean that it is Gone to Ground until it shoots this turn?

No. The Hunter-Killer rule allows the helicopter to move and remain Gone to Ground. It does not allow it to shoot and remain Gone to Ground. If the helicopter shoots, it is not Gone to Ground again until it has an opportunity to shoot in its Shooting Step and elects not to.

ARTILLERY

Mortars like the M106 don’t have a direct-fire line. Does that mean that they can only fire bombardments?

Yes it does.

If one of my 2S1 Carnation artillery pieces Spots for the Unit’s Artillery Bombardment, can it still take part in the bombardment?

Yes it can. The rules prevent it from Moving or Shooting with direct fire while Spotting, but do not prevent it from joining in firing the Bombardment.

Does my Artillery unit lose its Ranged In marker if I don’t fire or Shoot another weapon instead?

No. You never lose the Ranged In marker, just move it around as you change artillery targets.

If my Artillery Unit fails to Range In, can it stay Ranged In on its previous Aiming Point?

No. It removes its old Ranged In marker when it attempts to Range In again.

If my Artillery Unit fails to Range In, can it Shoot with direct fire? Can it still be Gone to Ground?

No. It fired ranging shots for the Bombardment, preventing it from Shooting and revealing its position.

When I roll to hit with artillery, do I roll separately for each team under the template, and can I use Mistaken Target to reallocate the hits?

Yes you roll for each team. However, you cannot use Mistaken Target as you are not aiming the weapon at any specific team.

When rolling to hit with artillery, there is no penalty for the target being Concealed, but there is a +1 penalty for it being Gone to ground and a +1 penalty for it being out of Line of Sight. Why is that?

A bombardment covers an area, whether the target team is visible or not doesn’t change its effectiveness. On the other hand, teams that are Gone to Ground are lying down or taking cover in ditches or hollows in the ground, so may be protected from explosions and shrapnel.

Because a bombardment’s Aiming point can be anywhere that your Spotter can see, it is possible that the Aiming Point will place the Template where it catches teams that the Spotter couldn’t know were there. Since the Spotter cannot see what effect the bombardment is having, they can’t ensure that it is effective against these targets.

Do tanks get a +1 to their Armour Save for being more than 16”/40cm from an Artillery Battery that hit them with an Artillery Bombardment?

No. That bonus only applies to Armour Saves from Shooting, not to Artillery Bombardments.

A Spotting team must have Line Of Sight to the Aiming Point when Ranging In. Do friendly teams block Line of Sight for spotting?

No. Ignore friendly teams when determining Line of Sight for Spotting purposes.

SPECIAL AMMUNITION

Can any Artillery Unit fire special ammunition like Minelets or Laser Guided Projectiles, or are they only available to Units listing them on their cards?

They are only available to Units listing them on their cards.

Laser-Guided Projectiles require an Observer team such as a FIST. Are they of any use if my FIST has been knocked out?

No they aren’t. Once your Observer team is gone, so is your ability to use Laser-Guided Projectiles.

My artillery are firing Laser-Guided Projectiles. My FIST is spotting for them. How do I go about allocating hits?

Treat it as if the FIST was shooting with ROF 1 for each gun firing, and allocate the hits as normal. The first goes to the team being targeted by the FIST, with additional hits being allocated evenly to nearby teams.

In reality, the artillery fire the projectiles one at a time with an interval of 20 to 30 seconds, so that the FIST can switch targets and laze a new target for each round.

Can my FIST spot for more than one battery firing Laser-guided Projectiles at the same time?

No. Like any Bombardment, they can only work with one Unit at a time.

What is the range of Laser-Guided Projectiles? The rules say 16”/40cm to Normal. What does that mean?

Laser-Guided Projectiles have a minimum range of 16”/40cm (it takes a while for the shell to find the target after the shock of launch!), and a maximum range equal to the bombardment range of the shooting team. For a M109, the range will be 16”/40cm-96”/240cm.

Artillery has a rule that if the unit fires an Artillery Bombardment, all the teams either fire as part of the bom-
Smoke Bombardment or not fire at all. Do Laser Guided Projectiles count as an Artillery Bombardment?

Yes, since the Unit must be capable of firing an Artillery Bombardment to fire Laser-guided Projectiles, it cannot be shooting direct fire.

Laser-guided Projectiles are Guided Weapons which can normally fire at Helicopters. Can Laser-guided Projectiles fire at Helicopters?

No. The flight time of a Laser-guided Projectile is too long for them to be effective against Helicopters.

In the force building example, the M109 battery pays three points for its Bomblet munitions. The card shows them as one point for the whole Unit. Well spotted. It should show them buying Laser-Guided Munitions which are +1 point per team (unlike Bomblet and Minelet which are +1 point for the Unit).

Note, some versions of the card also have a glitch. They state that Minelets and Bomblets are +1 point per team, whereas they should be +1 point for the whole unit.

My artillery has Minelet ammunition so places a Minefield for every three weapons firing. I have four guns. How many Minefields do I place?

Two. One for the first three, and one for the remaining part of three.

What happens when One Shot weapons fail to Range In? Can they try again next turn?

Yes they can. Until they actually fire the Bombardment, they still have enough ammunition to try again.

SMOKE BOMBARDMENTS

If I’m attempting to fire a Smoke Bombardment (and it’s a once per game option) and fail to Range In, can I try again later?

Yes you can. Until you actually fire the Smoke Bombardment, you still have the ammunition stocks to try again.

Can I use an existing Ranged In marker from a previous turn to fire a Smoke Bombardment without needing to Range In again?

Yes you can.

An M1 Abrams with Thermal Imaging is 2"/5cm from a Smoke Screen. The Abrams wants to fire through the smoke. How far can it see and Shoot?

Line of Sight through Smoke Bombardments is limited to 6"/15cm. The Thermal Imaging rules do not change this. So in this case, the tank could fire 4"/10cm into the Smoke Screen.

If the Abrams was 8"/20cm away from the Smoke Screen. How far can it see and Shoot?

This situation is like a tank that is just outside it’s Terrain Dash but inside its Cross Country Dash from an obstacle, in that it can move up to the obstacle, but not attempt to cross it. So the tank can see up to the Smoke Screen, but since Line of Sight through it is limited to 6"/15cm, it cannot see through it.

ASSAULTS

If my troops move their 8"/20cm Tactical move, then make a 4"/10cm Follow Me move, can they assault?

No. They can’t assault if they move more than 10"/25cm. They could move 8"/20cm and then use their Follow Me move to only move 2"/5cm (for a total move of 10"/25cm and then assault though.

CHARGE INTO CONTACT

An Infantry team has Contacted the enemy if ‘its front edge is as close as it can get to the enemy team’ or ‘its front edge is as close as it can get to another Infantry team from its own Unit that is directly in Contact with an enemy team.’ What does the phrase ‘as close as it can get’ mean?

This phrase is used to cover all the physical things that can prevent a team from being placed physically in contact with another, such as a wall or hedge between them, or even irregularities in the table surface. Basically, if you can’t fit them any closer together than they are, then they are in Contact.

If my Infantry team doesn’t have enough movement to physically touch the enemy team, but moves as close as it can given its charge move, is it in Contact?

No. It is still not as close as it can possibly get to the enemy team, so it is not in Contact.

If I can just get a corner of my team into Contact is that enough?

No. The rules require the front edge to be in contact, not a corner.

Do I have to Contact the front edge of the enemy team, or can I contact it anywhere?

You can Contact any part of the enemy team with the front edge of your team, the front, side, or rear of its base, or even a corner of its base.

Do I need to be square to the enemy team’s base when I Contact them?

No. You stop when you Contact them, and may or may not be square on to them at that point.

My teams need to be within 4"/10cm to Charge into Contact. Does that allow an Infantry team that is 4"/10cm behind another Infantry team that charged to charge as well?

Yes. As long as its 4"/10cm move brings it into Contact with the enemy (whether directly or through a fellow Infantry team), it can charge.

Can a Tank contact the enemy by moving into contact with another tank that is in Contact with the enemy?

No. Only Infantry teams can Contact the enemy through a friendly team, and only if that friendly team is also an Infantry team.

Do I have to Charge into Contact with the closest enemy team?

No you don’t. You can Charge into Contact with any enemy team that is close enough, but you must take the shortest route to Contact that team.

If an enemy team charged into Contact with the rear of my team, is that team in Contact with the team that Charged it when I Counterattack? Does the team move when Charging into Contact?

If an enemy team is in Contact with your team, then your team is already in Contact with that enemy team. That means that it does not move when Charging into Contact.

DEFENSIVE FIRE

If my Infantry teams are stationary in Flat Terrain, and therefore Concealed, can they use the Sneaking Up on Tanks
rule to prevent the Tank teams that they are Assaulting from performing Defensive Fire?

No. The Infantry must be Concealed by Short or Tall Terrain.

Can my Guided anti-tank missiles fire in Defensive Fire?

No. Defensive Fire requires that you shoot at a target within 8”/20cm, while missiles can’t shoot at targets within 8”/20cm, so you can’t do it.

Do Helicopters get to do defensive fire in assaults?

No. Flying Aircraft play no part in assaults.

Does getting Pinned Down by something like being hit by a Minefield force my assaulting Unit to Fall Back and end the assault?

No. The only thing that forces you to Fall Back is taking a sufficient number of hits from Defensive Fire. A single hit that Pins Down a Unit will not do that.

ASSAULT COMBAT

If I have two teams in Contact with two enemy teams and both of enemy teams score hits, can I allocate both hits to the same team?

No. You must spread the hits around if there are multiple teams that are eligible targets.

If I have an Infantry team and a Tank team, both in Contact with an enemy rifle team and an enemy RPG team, can I allocate the RPG hit to the Infantry team and the rifle team’s hit to the Tank team?

Yes. Presumably the Infantry team were attempting to protect the Tank team from the RPG, and kept it away from the Tank team, but died in the process.

My Soviet RPG anti-tank teams have the Assault 6 special rule. What does this mean?

It means that instead of hitting on a 5+ in Assaults like the larger AK-74 assault rifle teams, the small RPG-7 teams hit on a roll of 6.

How do my infantry kill tanks in assaults?

Infantry that hit a tank in an Assault may either use their normal Anti-tank rating against a tank’s Side armour or Anti-tank 2 against its Top armour. Using weapons like the M72 LAW, RPG-7, and RPG-18 can be very effective against lighter vehicles like the M113 or BMP, but have limited effect against main battle tanks like the M1 Abrams or T-72. Against these infantry in the open can only endure and hope the tanks break off before the infantry’s own determination to counterattack fails.

COUNTERATTACK

I have passed my roll to Counterattack. Can I add additional teams into the Assault, or am I limited to those teams already involved?

You are limited to those teams already involved in the assault. That means only the teams that originally assaulted on the attacker’s side and those originally within 8”/20cm of them on the defender’s side.

If my defending Unit passes its Motivation test to Counterattack, can it Charge into Contact with teams from other Units on the attacking player’s side?

No. Neither player may bring additional teams into the Assault, or am I limited to those teams already involved?

When my Unit Counterattacks, can I move teams that have been Contacted by the enemy?

No. A team that is in Contact with the enemy, either because the enemy Charged into Contact with them, or because the team Charged into Contact with the enemy, cannot move. It is already in Contact with the enemy (because the enemy is in Contact with it), and must fight the enemy it is in Contact with before seeking out other targets.

BREAK OFF

If my unit Breaks Off from an assault, how far can it move? Can it move its whole movement distance?

It moves the minimum distance to get at least 4”/10cm away from the enemy (or surrenders if its move isn’t far enough to achieve this). Once it is beyond 4’7”/10cm, it stops immediately.

When a team Breaks Off, it can move up to its Dash speed. Does this mean that the restrictions on moving at a Dash such as the requirement to face in the direction of travel and not approach within 8”/20cm of the enemy (pages 30 and 31) apply?

No. For some types of team, their Tactical speed may be too slow to allow them to get away under some circumstances. Since a team that is breaking off from an assault will be moving at its best possible speed, it is more appropriate to use its Dash speed as an upper limit on its possible movement.

MORALE

My force has two M113 Mech Combat Teams. At the start of the game I have one on table and one in Reserve. The second one doesn’t have any Units on table, so it can’t have any Units that are not In Good Spirits on the table. Does it have to take a Formation Morale Test?

No. That wouldn’t make much sense. A Formation must have a Unit on table that is not In Good Spirits or have had a Unit Destroyed before it needs to take a Formation Morale Test.

Have I lost the game if none of the Formations in my Force are In Good Spirits?

No. However, you will be taking Formation Morale Checks for all of your Formations, and will lose once the last Formation has been destroyed.

Can my Formation Commander be In Good Spirits? If so, is this enough to keep my Formation from needing a Formation Morale Check?

Formation Commanders are never In Good Spirits, nor not In Good Spirits, so you need a combat Unit In Good Spirits to avoid a Formation Morale Check.
If my Mi-24 Assault Helicopter Company fails a Unit Morale Test and is destroyed, is my Assault Landing Company removed from the game?

No they aren’t. If an Infantry Unit fails a Morale Test or is destroyed, then its Transport Attachment (i.e. its BMP or M113 transport vehicles) are removed as well. However, the reverse doesn’t apply, so having the helicopters fail a Morale Test does not result in the removal of their Infantry Attachment (the Assault Landing Company).

On the other hand, if the Assault Landing Company is still mounted in the helicopters, and the helicopters aren’t landed, they will be carried off the table with them and will be unable to return.

**AIRCRAFT**

Are Aircraft Units subject to the normal rules for being In Command and Out of Command?

Yes. They are Units, so all the Unit rules apply to them.

Can Strike Aircraft use Movement Orders?

No they cannot. None of them are useful to Strike Aircraft.

Can Helicopters use Movement Orders?

Yes they can. Helicopters can use the Blitz Move and Shoot and Scout orders. No other Movement Orders have any benefit for helicopters.

Note: Helicopters cannot use the Blitz Move order to Land, and cannot use Movement Orders to Loiter.

An Aircraft cannot take or contest an Objective, but can the Passengers in my Helicopter do so?

No. They have to Dismount to do so.

**AIRCRAFT SHOOTING**

If a Tank Team is right on top of a bare hill, does it count as concealed to aircraft as it would to an enemy tank?

On a hill, a tank in a ‘hull down’ position behind the crest is using the hill as a form of Short Terrain in the same way it would use a wall to gain concealment, so it would not be concealed from Aircraft. On the other hand, if it was hiding behind the hill, it would be concealed.

Why do aircraft weapons have such short ranges? My AH-1 Cobra can only fire 8”/20cm with its M197 20mm Vulcan Gatling gun for instance.

Aircraft shoot most of their weapons in a ‘strafing run’ style of firing pass. While it starts shooting some distance away, by the time it finishes, the aircraft is very close to the target. Positioning the model at the end of its strafing run means that short-ranged weapons actually get a chance to shoot at it.

Why does the Mi-24 Hind’s AT-6 only have a range of 20” while the TOW has a range of 48”?

It reflects the Hind flying toward the target while guiding the missile in a form of strafing run.

If we gave the missile the range it would have at the point of firing, then the helicopter would never (in the game) approach the target, leaving it invulnerable to short-ranged AA weapons that it would in reality come very close to or pass over.

Instead, we give the missile the range of the end of the firing pass as the missile hits the target and breaks off. This puts it in the correct place for anti-aircraft fire in the game.

My A-10 Warthog is strafing a unit of BMP infantry fighting vehicles with its GAU-8/A Gatling gun. Does it target one vehicle then allocate hits as usual?

Yes it does. The hits are shared between the target and other teams from the platoon within 6’/15cm as normal.

**AIRCRAFT BOMBARDMENTS**

I want to use the rocket pods on my aircraft. Do they operate as a single combined Artillery Unit or as one Artillery Unit per aircraft?

They are a single combined Artillery Unit, so the whole Unit gets one Salvo template with the appropriate number of weapons firing.

Can my Aircraft spot for its own rocket pods as the rules state that a moving team cannot Spot for a bombardment?

Yes it can. Aircraft can spot for and fire their own bombardments while moving. However a Helicopter would need to be stationary to Spot for another Unit’s Artillery Bombardment.

Can an Aircraft be a Spotting team for another Unit’s Artillery Bombardment?

A Helicopter can, as long as it doesn’t move. A Strike Aircraft cannot as it must Move every turn.

The Danger Close rule prevents you from placing a template close to friendly teams, including the firing team. My A-10 Warthogs have to be within this distance to use their bombs. Can they actually fire a Bombardment with their CBU-52 cluster bombs?

Yes they can. The Danger Close rule does not apply to aircraft when they are firing their own Bombardments. It still applies to other friendly teams around them, though.

Can Aircraft use the Repeating Bombardments rule to attack the same target again next turn without needing to Range In?

Yes they can.

**AIRCRAFT IN RESERVE**

If my Strike Aircraft are in Reserve, when do I start rolling for them to appear?

As they are a Unit in reserve, you must get them from Reserve first (with a normal 5+ Reserve roll) before you can start rolling for their appearance using the Strike Aircraft rule.

The order in the Starting Step is a little screwy at this point, but yes, you can roll to get your aircraft on the table on the turn they arrive from Reserves.

**AIRCRAFT MORALE**

If an Aircraft Unit Leader is Destroyed, can I replace them?

Yes. Appoint another aircraft as the Unit Leader in the same way you would replace a Tank Unit Leader.

My Mi-24 Hind helicopters are carrying an Assault Landing Company as passengers when they are shot at. At the end of the shooting I have just one helicopter left with two infantry teams aboard. Do I have to check Unit Morale for both the helicopters and the Assault Landing Company?

You must test for both the Helicopter Unit and the Assault Landing Company.
What happens if the Helicopter Unit fails its Unit Morale Check, but the infantry pass theirs?
The helicopter flies off carrying the remnants of the Assault Landing Company with it, since the infantry cannot Dismount from a Flying Aircraft.

What happens if the Assault Landing Company fails its Unit Morale Check, but the helicopters pass theirs?
The Assault Landing Company is destroyed. The survivors remain aboard the helicopters and refuse to dismount. Since the Helicopter Unit is not a Transport Attachment to the infantry, it stays in action, despite the infantry failing their Unit Morale Check.

NIGHT
Strike Aircraft are mounted on stands that are more than 4”/10cm tall. If a Strike Aircraft rolls a 1 when rolling on the Night Visibility Table, it can only see 4”/10cm. Can it still fire a Bombardment?
A Strike Aircraft that rolls a 1 on the Night Visibility Table cannot Bombard as the Aiming Point must be within the Spotting team’s Line of Sight.

Do I need to roll to see how far I can see if I want to bombard at night? If so, where do I measure this from?
Yes, you need to roll to see how far the Spotting team can see, and the Aiming Point must be within the Spotting team’s Line of Sight.

If I’m planning on shooting at a target at Night and find that my roll on the Night Visibility Table isn’t enough to see it, do I still have to shoot?
No. If you have no target, or don’t want to shoot at the targets you do have, you can elect not to shoot.

If the team was planning to Spot for an Artillery Bombardment, but can’t see the planned Aiming Point, they can either pick a different Aiming Point or choose not to Spot for that Bombardment and do something else instead.

A team does not need to roll to see how far they can see when shooting at a target that shot last turn. How does this work with Artillery Bombardments?
If the Aiming Point is a team that shot last turn, then the Spotting team does not need to roll to see how far they can see.

Thermal Imaging appears to work as well for an M1 Abrams’ machine-guns as it does its main gun. Is this correct? This would apply to AA fire as well, then, wouldn’t it?
Yes. It keeps the rules simple.

In a game played at night, a Strike Aircraft fired in its previous turn, then departed the table as usual. This turn the Strike Aircraft returns, and my AA weapons want to shoot at it. Do I have to roll on the Night Visibility Table to see it, or does the rule about not needing to roll because it shot in its previous turn apply?
Since the Aircraft departed the table between the last time it shot and now, it would not make sense for its previous shooting to reveal its presence. So, you always need to roll on the Night Visibility Table when targeting a Strike Aircraft at night.

My AA weapons have radar which isn’t affected by darkness. Why do I have to roll on the Night Vision Table for them? While it is possible to put a radar-guided AA weapon on automatic and tell it to shoot down anything it doesn’t recognise as friendly, this is very risky. IFF (Identification Friend or Foe) should prevent accidents, but it really isn’t reliable enough to trust without visual identification as well. Hence the need to roll to see how close the aircraft needs to get for you to properly identify it.

As an aside, many of the AA weapons in Team Yankee don’t actually have radar guidance. Their radar is purely for calculating the range to the target.

MINEFIELDS
Can I deploy a Unit in a Minefield? If so, what happens?
Yes you can. Presumably they are dug in with Minefields surrounding their position, and the paths through the Minefield that they use for supply and other necessary activities are too difficult to negotiate under fire.

The Unit is fine as long as it remains in its foxholes. However, if it moves or counterattacks if assaulted, it will have to test for casualties like any other Unit crossing a Minefield.

If a Unit deployed in a Minefield, how does it go about clearing it?
It moves ‘into’ the Minefield (i.e. out of its carefully prepared defences) testing to do so as normal. Then in the next turn (having moved into the Minefield on a previous turn as required by the rules), the Unit Leader issues a Mine Clearing order and the Minefield is removed.

When a team moves using a Blitz Move movement order, do they still need to take Cross tests and test to see if they got hit by a Minefield?
Yes. All the normal movement rules apply while making a Blitz Move. The only difference is that once you’ve finished the Blitz Move, you don’t count as having moved for things that happen afterward.

When I place Minefields, can I overlap them to make a Unit trying cross them roll a Skill test for each Minefield?
No. Teams also only roll one Skill Test to cross the Minefield safely. However, a Team who successfully removes a Minefield, only removes one, even if they are in several.

When a team removes a minefield (instead of Moving) using a Mine Clearing Order, is that minefield removed right away or at the end of the Movement Step?
It is removed immediately.

If a Unit crossing a Minefield has teams Bailed Out or Destroyed, does this trigger a Unit Morale Test?
No. Only casualties taken in the Shooting or Assault Step do that.

SPECIAL RULES
Can a weapon with Overhead Fire shoot at Aircraft?
No. These weapons are usually light mortars and grenade launchers that lob shots at the enemy. Their rounds move way too slowly to hit an Aircraft.
A Guided weapon (such as an ITOW missile) can only shoot infantry if they are stationary and in Bulletproof Cover. Can it shoot at infantry that has just entered a building?

No. The target must not have moved in their turn (otherwise they aren't stationary).

Can I have one of my Units use the Spearhead rule to expand my Deployment area, then deploy a second Spearhead Unit there and use its Spearhead movement to expand my Deployment Area even further?

Yes. As long as each Spearhead move obeys the rules and stays far enough from enemy Teams, Deployment Areas, and Objectives, you can do this.

If a team making a Spearhead move Bogs Down, does that team still extend the Deployment Area?

Yes it does.

If a Unit deploys in an area that becomes part of the Deployment Area due to a Spearhead move, and deploys in a Minefield, would they need to pass a Courage test and the individual teams a Skill test just as if they had moved into it?

Yes they would.

No US or Soviet Units have the Accurate special rule. Is it there for future Units?

Yes. Older tanks have range finders that give them this rule.

The VADS and Shilka cards seem to indicate the Radar rule allows them to ignore the long range penalty on all shots, not just against aircraft?

No, both lines refer to shooting at Aircraft. The text was shortened to fit on the card from the full rule on page 69 of the Team Yankee rulebook.

BUILDING A FORCE

If I take an Allied Formation, can I take Support Units from both nationalities?

No. You must choose a Force Diagram from one country or the other to base your force on, and can only take options shown on that diagram (including the Allied Formation option). Since Support Units are only found in the Force Diagram (and not in Formation Diagrams), the only Support Units available are those from the principal nationality.

MISSIONS

Can I deploy my Formation Commander with one Unit and the 2iC with another?

No. The Formation HQ is a Unit and deploys and fights on its own as a Unit, although it can join other Units to give Command Leadership benefits or to Assault together.

All infantry are in Foxholes at the start of the game. Does this include infantry that deployed in No Man’s Land using the Spearhead rule?

Yes it does.

Can a Transport take or dispute an Objective?

No they can not.

Can Passengers in a Transport take or dispute an Objective?

Yes they can, as long as the Transport is on the ground. Passengers in an Aircraft cannot take or dispute an Objective.

In missions like Free-for-All that have alternating deployment, can I ‘deploy’ my Strike Aircraft to effectively skip my turn to deploy?

No. Strike Aircraft must be your last deployment after all other Units have been deployed.

AMBUSHES

Do Helicopters limit where enemy Ambushes can be placed in the same way that Tank or Infantry teams do?

Yes they do.

Can I put the Infantry of a BMP Motor Rifle Company on the table and place their BMP fighting vehicles in Ambush?

Yes. That is a Soviet tactic, forming a mobile tank-hunter group to support their infantry. Basically, you can put any unit you could deploy on table in Ambush.

Can Independent teams be held in Ambushes?

Yes they can.

Can I use a Movement Order in the turn I arrive from Reserves? Specifically, can I use a Blitz Move order to move onto the table?

No you cannot.

RESERVES

How do Reserves arrive on the table?

They move on from the appropriate table edge in the Movement Step. This can be any valid form of movement, so a company of T-72 tanks could move 10’/25cm onto the table at Tactical speed and then shoot in the Shooting Step. The same applies to Aircraft using Movement Orders to move onto the table.

How are HQ Units brought out of Reserves? Together with arriving Units or do they consume a successful roll on their own?

If you hold a HQ Unit in Reserve it will arrive with another Unit when it arrives from Reserves.

My force has seven Units. How many will be in on table in a mission with Ambushes and Reserves?

The mission rules will tell you to place at least half of your unit in Reserve, so that will be four units in Reserve (half of 7 is 3.5, since you must have at least 3.5 units in Reserve, you’ll have to have 4 since you can’t have half a unit in Reserve). The rules will then tell you to place an additional unit in Ambush. So now you have four units in Reserve and one more in Ambush, a total of five units accounted for so far.

Next the rules will tell you that all remaining units are deployed on table. You started with seven, so that leaves two units remaining to be deployed on table.

Do my Formation HQ tanks count for the Deep Reserves rule?

Yes. If your Company HQ tanks are on table, they count as your one unit for the Deep Reserves rule.

Can Independent teams be held in Reserves?

Yes they can.

How do Reserves arrive on the table?
**AIRCRAFT IN RESERVE**

Are Units Loitering treated as being on the table for calculating Reserves, more specifically in Missions with Deep Reserves?

Yes they are. Loitering Units are available to you any time you want them, Reserves are not.

Deep Reserves allows your to have one tank with front armour over 4 or one aircraft on table (including Loitering). That means you have either the tank or the helicopters on, not both. If you choose the helicopters, they can be on table or loitering.

If I have Strike Aircraft in Reserve, can I roll for them to appear in the turn they arrive from Reserves?

Yes you can. The order in the Starting Step is a little screwy at this point, but yes, you can roll to get your aircraft on the table on the turn they arrive from Reserves.

**VICTORY POINTS**

Do my Transport Attachments count as separate Units from their Passenger Unit for the Large Units rule when determining Victory Points?

Yes. They are completely separate Units except where explicitly stated (such as for deployment, ambushes, reserves, and morale).

If the players run out of time on the No Retreat mission, who wins?

*Use the There are No Draws rule. Both sides lose the game.*
In Leopard it states Bazooka Skirts give Side Armour 10 protection against HEAT Weapons. On the cards and in Panzertruppen it states Bazooka Skirts give Front and Side Armour 10 against HEAT Weapons. Which is Correct?
The Cards and Panzertruppen are correct. Teams with Bazooka Skirts have a Front and Side armour rating of at least 10 (unless already higher) against HEAT weapons.

The Marder Panzergrenadier Kompanie HQ card says Remount 2+. Is this correct?
No, it should read Rally 2+. Its Remount value is on the Marder Transport card TG115.

In Panzertruppen the third grey optional Panzergrenadier Zug says Marder Panzergrenadier Zug, but the silhouette shows an M113. Which type of Unit is it?
It should say: M113 Panzergrenadier Platoon.

If I take formations from both Leopard and Panzertruppen in the same force?
Yes. Specifically you can take a Leopard 2 Panzer Kompanie formation with your forces from Panzertruppen (the Leopard 2 Panzer Kompanie being the only formation missing from Panzergrenadier Brigade 1 force diagram and force card TG002).

On the Gepard Flakpanzer Zug card the Radar rule range for shooting at Aircraft is different from the range in the Team Yankee rulebook. Why is this?
The Gepard had an excellent radar and was a very effective anti-aircraft weapons system so we have given it a longer anti-aircraft range of 40’/100cm instead of 32’/80cm.

The similar Soviet SA-14 Gremlin AA missile teams is a Heavy Weapon, should the Redeye Teams in the Fliegerfaust Gruppe also be Heavy Weapons?
Yes, the Redeye Team on the TG116 Fliegerfaust Gruppe should have the Heavy Weapon rule.

Heavy Weapon: Team cannot Charge into Contact.

A Fliegerfaust Gruppe is an Infantry Attachment. Does this mean I can attach it to another infantry Unit?
No. Infantry Attachment just means it is an Infantry Unit that can only be taken if its parent Unit is taken in your force.

In the case of the Fliegerfaust Gruppe you can only take it if you get a Gepard Flakpanzer Batterie or a Roland Flaknakpanzer Batterie. It is simply bought with the Gepards or Rolands and placed at the same time as them in deployment. After that is operates as a separate Unit.

Is a West German M113 OP an Independent Team and should it have the Scout rule?
Yes.

As an unarmoured vehicle, the LARS rocket launcher can be Pinned Down. If it is Pinned Down, what is its Rally number? My card doesn’t show one.
Its Rally number is 4+. Some early cards missed this out.

The GPMG teams in the Lynx Airmobile Platoon has a note of Pinned ROF 1. Should it?
The TB117 Lynx Airmobile Platoon GPMG team note should NOT say Pinned ROF 1. Ignore this, it has its normal ROF 2 (the same as its Moving ROF) when Pinned Down.
The 125mm 2A46 gun on a T-64 has the Advanced Stabiliser rule giving it a Tactical move of 14”/35cm. Does this also apply to the AT-8 Songster missile?

No. The AT-8 Songster weapon line does not say Advanced Stabiliser, so like the machine-guns, the tank cannot fire it if it moves faster than 10”/25cm.

Can the Motor Rifle Forward Detachment be taken in support of any Formation, or just Afgantsy?

It can be taken in Support of any Formation.

If I have an Afgantsy Air Assault Battalion, the Air Assault rule prevents the infantry Air Assault Companies and Mi-24 Hind Assault Helicopter Companies from being in Reserve unless all of the Units on the table are Air Assault Units. What happens if more than half of my force are Air Assault Units?

Since the half of your force that is on the table will all be Air Assault Units, any remaining Air Assault Units are allowed to be in Reserve along with any non-Air Assault Units in your force.

How do I carry my Air Assault Companies in my Mi-24 Hind helicopters? Each helicopter can only carry two passengers and there are only four helicopters in an Assault Helicopter Company. The Afgantsy Air Assault Battalion is set up to model a battalion that has already been air-landed, and is now awaiting relief from ground troops. As such, the transport helicopters (or aircraft if they parachuted) that brought them in have already left the battlefield.

However, an Assault Helicopter Company can carry a small Air Assault Company, so that’s one option for moving a small rapid-reaction force around the table.

As the Assault Helicopter Company is a separate Unit, rather than a Transport Attachment to the infantry, it can carry whoever it needs to carry. This allows you to move a larger Air Assault Company by mounting it in the helicopters of several Assault helicopter Companies.

The East German and Soviet BRDM-2 cards (TV119 & TS128) have different ROFs for the 7.62mm MG, which is correct?

The East German card (TV119) is correct and the Soviet BRDM-2 Recon Platoon card should have a Halted ROF 1 and a Moving ROF 1.

The book entry for the SA-13 Gopher shows it with a Cross-Country Dash speed of 240”/60cm. Is that supposed to be 24”/60cm as shown on the card?

Yes. It has a Cross-country Dash move of 24”/60cm.

I thought the AT-3 Sagger missile on the BMP-1 was an old manually-flown system unlike the semi-automatic systems used by more modern missiles. Shouldn’t it be less accurate?

The AT-3 Sagger was significantly upgraded between its first use in the 1973 Yom Kippur War and the 1980s, becoming a modern semi-automatic missile in the process.

How do the teams of my Motor Rifle Company divide between all of the BMP transports?

There’s no particular way you have to do it. In training, each of the large teams (PKM and SA-14) had their own vehicle. The remaining teams pair up with one AK-74 and one RPG-7 team in each vehicle, with the spare AK-74 team (the Unit Leader) having a BMP all to itself.

As an unarmoured vehicle, the BM-21 Hail rocket launcher can be Pinned Down. If it is Pinned Down, what is its Rally number? My card doesn’t show one.

Its Rally number is 3+. Some early cards missed this out.

M60 Patton Armoured Combat Team card shows the .50 cal MG as an AA MG. Is this correct?

No. It should just be a .50 cal MG.

When can my UH-1 Huey helicopters fire their Door M60 MGs?

They can only fire them when Landed, and they can only be landed while Mounting or Dismounting Passengers. So, basically, they can only fire them to cover an assault landing into a hostile area.

The 125mm gun on the T-72 has the Brutal special rule. Why doesn’t the gun on the M1 Abrams have it too?

The Soviet Army placed considerable importance on infantry support, so their tanks carry lots of very effective anti-infantry HE rounds. The US Army focused their tanks on killing other tanks, so they mainly carry anti-tank ammunition.

Does the M901 ITV have a turret?

Yes it does have a turret, and the front of the turret has a nice thick piece of steel to protect it from incoming fire from the direction it is pointing.

Can I shoot at an M901 ITV if just the turret is showing above terrain?

Yes you can. It’s a small target, so that’s why it has the Hammerhead rule allowing it to remain Gone to Ground while shooting.
FRENCH
What is the correct Gun Slinger rule for the Gazelle 20mm?
A Gun Slinger helicopter can use Tall terrain for Concealment (see page 42 of Team Yankee), and can remain Gone to Ground while moving. Enemy Anti-aircraft, Anti-helicopter, and Infantry weapons Shoot at a Gun Slinger helicopter after it Shoots in its own turn (instead of before when normally shooting at Aircraft).

NETHERLANDS
The Dutch YPR-765 Panterinfanterie Peleton shows the Thermal Imaging as only applying to the M47 Dragon missile. Should it apply to the whole unit as it does for the US Mech Platoon? Yes. Thermal Imaging applies to the whole Unit.

ANZAC
What is the Recoilless rule for the ANZAC Anti-tank Land Rover Section?
A Team firing a Recoilless weapon cannot be Concealed if it shot in its previous Shooting Step.

Can the M113 (T50 Turret) shoot at helicopters?
Yes. The .50 cal and 7.62mm MGs should have the Anti-Helicopter rule.

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